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WROOMICINS FOR TELEVISION

A point which has lately been under a considerable amount of discussion is the choice of frequencies on which post war television services should operate. This involves some consideration of the factors affecting wave proposition at different frequencies. Of course tiers may be many matters of political or economic ungony which may outwelf technical considerations, but in this article we are only concerned with the latter.

LONG OR SHORT RAMENT TAILY STORY. In the first place, because of band width required for television there seems to be no question that the right place to work is on the unitra-high frequencies. Poymerly this was thought to be a limitation as it seemed that range would be limited to the optical borison. It has since been shown however that the effects of diffraction and of twopospheric refraction were such as to give quite economic ranges. The cuestion still remains, however, as to the best freewoncy range to be used. We must still decide what range we require from a television service, that is, do we require long-distance television service using the incorphere as a transmission medium, or should the service using the incorphere as a transmission medium of the relative instability of the ionosphere as a transmission reduce the relative instability of the ionosphere as a transmission reduce and the resulting distortion tais would cause in a received picture.

We shall, then, in this article discard the idea of using the ionosphere for transmission and visualise the use of only "local sorvice" transmitters.

PRIST COUST PRACTORS . If we wish to confine the service area of our telephone that we work on frequencies which are above the MUN of the regular ionesphere layers at every season and time of the day, and at every epoch of the sunspot cycle. It might seem that we out at the might seem that we but we must remember that a wave taking off at a very small angle to the horizontal can reach the ionesphere and be returned to earth at a distant point. If we attempted to avoid this we should pricabily ruin reception within the true service area. If sufficiently high frequencies are used, however, this trouble is avoided and likewise

interference with similar television services cituated some distance area. It is interesting to note that the British television transmissions in previous years were received it several places in the USA.

What then are the highest frequencies likely be be subject to ionosphere refraction at any time during the sunspot cycle? If we know take the first step towards the location of the hieal frequency banks for television.

ECPRIFICAL VI MICE . Piratly we have the experimental evidence already referred to, i.e. the reception of the Lorion television signals in the U.S.A. This reception was only penable during winter months and it will be remembered that it is during winter that the daytime ionisation is highest. The conclusion is that during the summer menths the ionisation of the refracting layers was never high enough to support propagation on these frequencies.

The pre-war television channels used for the British station stunted at the Alexander Palaca were 45 M/cs for vision and 41.5 Mc/s for sound. The results of several years trial on those frequencies appear to indicate that 41.5 Mc/s would only be blindly to be propogated by the inosphere during the without of years mean the sunspot maximum, and that 45 Mc/s would be very near the entreme high limit for such propagation even at that time.

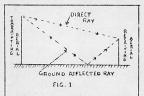
ata obtained from ionosphere measurements recorded at Washington appear to indicate that frequencies from 50 Me/a upwards would not be propogated by the ionosphere oven during winter day-time at the sunspot marking, and to show that 50 me/s would be a fairly safe low limit to the frequency band suitable for television. It can be seen that this conclusion agrees fairly well with the experimental evidence.

By avoiding frequencies lover than 50 Me/s, then, we could hope to avoid propogation to long distances by any of the regular ionesphere layers at any time. But there remains the phenomenen of special to be considered, i.e. the thin, highly ionised patches which semetimes appear within the E layer. These can, because of the relatively small height at which they lie, return waves to earth of frequency semetimes as high as 75 Me/s, and those waves may be returned a t distances up to 2000 inllemetres with a single perfection. However, although occasional propogation out to 2000 inlemetres would thus occur by way of this medium, it is unlikely that the special to would be so widely distributed as to render possible a second hop. So that the chances of interfering with other television sorvices beyond 2000 inlemetres distant on a frequency of 50 Me/s appear to be extremely remete.

REMARKS OF OF SEASON WAY. . We may now examine another interest propogation of the ultra high frequencies, which will be of some importance of television. It has already been said that the range of a television station is not limited to the optical horizon but due to diffraction often, it is extended considerably farther. But

it has been found that the field strength beyond the optical horizon is greater than can be attributed to the effects of diffraction alone, and furthermore that the signals at these distances are subject to fading. This points to the presence of a refracted component in the received field, and this is indeed the case. The refraction is not due to any ionisation in the air horsor, but occurs in the troposphere where air donatts is comparatively high and free electrons cannot exist for any length of thme. There are tro distinct cases in which we may not the radiated energy withread from within the troposphere—a normal and an abnormal condition.

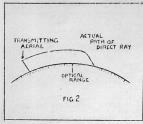
To take the first case first. It should be appreciated that on ultra-inigh frequencies the actual "surface" wave, i.e. the wave that travels along the ground itself, is not of much importance. "Interfaces must be the received field is that part of the ground wave known as the "space" wave. This consists of the components a directly received ray and a ray received by reflection from the ground. The most important component is the directly received ray. Those factors are illustrated in Fig. 1.



The directly received may is shown as travelling in a straight line between the two asminls. Under much conditions it would soon be intercepted by the bulge in the earthis surface due to its curvature, and it will, therefore, not affect any receiving acrial which is beyond the optical horizon. But these arrials depend to pick up energy from the direct ray, and they are able to do so because the ray can travel, not in a straight line, but in a continuously curving

path. This is brought about by the fact that the refractio index of the troposphere is not constant, but decreases with inexessing height. This is due to the normal decrease of atmospheric pressure of temperature and of water vapour content with height.

So the rays which leave the transmitting somial at small angles to the borizontal are subject to constant perfection and travel in the form of an are, so that they can reach the earth again at points beyond the line of sight. Fig. 2 illustrates the cort of conditions under which the direct ray may travel. The top of the trajectory made by much a ray may vary between a few hundreds and a few thousands of feet, depending on the distance from the transmitter at which it returns to earth, but it would appear that in the stratesphere (35,000 ft) such refrection would be insufficient to return the ray to earth.



The entension of the range of a station by the effects is fortunate provided it does not introduce any ill effects as well. Experience has shown that on frequencies of from 40 to 50 Mc/s a considerable amount of refraction of the direct ray does take place, giving good reception of signals up to about 14 times the optical range. As to disadvantages, it will be appreciated that the refraction will vary according to conditions and will consequently cause some fading. It is of a slow type, however, and generally speaking it is quite telerable on a television signal.

AFFORDERIC ISOUTHWHITES . The second case of return of energy condition -it is brought about by the presence of atmospheric discontinuities, eg. unusual temperature and lumidity conditions. Such discontinuities diverses to reflection of vaves of ultra high frequency, and rays shiel leave the aerial at relatively large angles to the horizontal may be returned to earth by this means. The discontinuities wantly course at small heights above the ground and may load to a fairly severy form of fast fading, thus causing distortion to the received platture.

COMMINSTON ... It would soom than that frequencies from 50 Me/s up-'arms' would be most suitable for tolevision services and that prooption at distances considerable beyond the optical range could be expected. Of course, the upper limit suggested would be greatly exceedof fait were decided to use a system of transmission requiring a very made rider frequency band than that of the pre-war standard.

Phnally, the upper limit would probably also be affected by another consideration—the reflection of waves from large buildings and hills. In built-up a weas waves may be reflected from large buildings so as to produce a number of different parts between the transmitter and the receiver and in consequence some distortion may be caused. This kind of distortion is likely to increase with frequency, because the shorter the wavelength, the smaller is the surface that acts as an efficient reflector.

From an article in "Wireless World."

Be loyal to your organisation and help them plan the post war Amateur Radio activities... Incourage non-members to join the Vireless Institute of Australia This Space has been Reserved for

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The production for the past 5 years of the now famous AR7 Receiver for the War requirements of the R.A.A.F. have led to new designs of COILS AND I.F.T's by KINGSLEY.

Announcements of the production of New Perma Clad Coils, Perma Tuning Units, Crystal Filters and Miniature Equipment, will be made in this space from time to time.

In the meantime we still have a job to do FOR the Services.

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CLIMA AMATEUR RA IO LEAGUE

APPIUAL MUSTING.

Mombors of the Gaina Amatuur Radio Loague gathered at the auditorium of the Gentral Headequartors of the San Min Chu T Youth Corps at 10 a.m. on May 5th of this year for the opening cormony of the fifth annual mooting of the Association. The Drances of the said League held meetings in different places of China simultaneously and communicated from one another through radio wavel-

Correspondence, photos as well as radio sets of anatour radio circles in various countries were exhibited at the same time. Mr. Gut Ge Teing, the vice-president, reported the general condition of the League. After that the Zeo Tu-ling, one of the Meague. After that the Local Culting, one of the Members, read his thesis on "Studies on Promoney Modulation." Both speech and proport had been breadest to the various branches.

An opuning address made by Dr. isu Un Beong, vice minister of communications, took place at 5 pm. of the same date. He being the president of the League, declared that the League has three principal objectives (1) to train radio personnel, (2) to promote science contributory to national defence, and (3) to cultivate friendship with other nations by radio. Mellowed by a speech cellivored by Mr. Ou de Being who suggested (1) to start a publication (2) to open a training class where practical lessons will be taught. Other speakers included Frof. Med 0. Melillon, Messes. Cler Adams and John Sijder, radio creptts of the American Embassy, Mr. Hu Shuhua, leptty Scentary Concret of the Control Readquarter of the San Min Chu I Youth Corps.

The demonstration of television was taken place at 5 p.m. In. George Balley, pendient of the American Amsteur Redio League, and Mr. R. B. Warner from Washington, NYL broadcast special programme. Attempt we could not here clearly due to the disturbances in the air, we appreciate the good will of our friends just the same. A radio programme then was given by the branches of the League at Lanchow, Krolchow and other cities.

After a few days Mr. Hew Un Tsong, the president of the League broadcast through the International Radio Station of the Central Government of Cuina to the president of the ARRL of U.S.A. to express gratifuld for his kindness.

...000...

Readers of AMATEUR RA HO will notice that from last month's taxo new advortisements have appeared. The goodwill gesture of the three firms, Messrs: Cliff and Eunting, Kingsley Radio Pty. Ltd., and J. H. McCrath will ensure the future publication of the Magazine. Romember these advortisers when the time comes to think about rebuilding your lam Station.

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Transformer Problems ARE AS SIMPLE AS ...

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- Small size current transformers for rectifier instruments.
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AMATEUR TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

MINOU TROT DAGITHERY PRACTURED TO

Charles C. Cuin .. VK3WO

In the two provious months it will be seen that a means is available to progressibely cheek components before assembling into the apparatus under construction, and then, when this is completed, to give a rough cheek as to its operation.

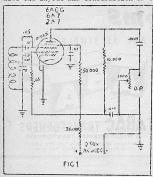
If a receiver was the main bone of contention then the multivibrator would not be sufficient to line up, so of course the obvious next requirement is a signal which is capable of being varied in intensity and also of being set at a frequency and left there.

Many oscillators and Trequency motors have been described from time to time in most of the radio publications. One that seems to be coming to and fore is the TRANSITRON OSCILLATOR.

This type of oscillator has been found very stable and because of the coil being istration; in tape, it leads it case, construction. Once again we can get away with using one tube only although a buffer stap would be advisable in order to isolate the output of the besillator, a t the same time providing a means of varying the depth of modulation.

Following is a circuit in Fig. 1 which should need no explanation beyond the fact that the accuracy to which it will be expected to

attain is of course governed by the quality of the parts used and also the layout and construction of the fintshed job.



(4) Pulse "aves (developed from 3)

The actual frequency range on audio is of course determined by the circuit constants, and, to a certain extent the characteristics of the individual tubes used. This range is from approximately a for cycles a second to 0.5 mogneycles.

Naturally such claims must be regarded with care as also the circuit resign. Operating over suca a wide range naturally with one tube will cause serious attenuation of output and a future article will be propared dealing with this subject.

Fig. 2 gives the circuit of a practical saw tooth oscillator for production of waves between 7 and 26 KC.

The transitron oscillator works on the simple principle of producing negative resistance botwoon two grid circuits containing the frequency determining constants and is a very big improvement on the once rono mod dynatron oscillator which gave such good results.

Mor the transitron, figures have been quoted to show that for a change of 25% in plate voltago, the frequency of oscillation will change only a for parts in a million. Although the circuit given here sio s it for uso as an IP oscillator, the transitron can be used for cuite a number of jobs.

(1) Producing Say Toota Wave form isoscolos to other saw tooth shapes.

(2) Sino Waves

Square Taves (5) Soloctive Audio Amplifier.

.001 \$12000 FIG 2

(Continued on page 16)

THE THE WICAL LIBRARY

This feature has been on the shelf for some time now, owing to lack of space, but the rush being over we are now able to resume.

MATERIATICS OF RA TO COMMUNICATIONS..T.J. Wang (New York) 1944.

A very interesting book and one which should have a definite place on the Technical Booksholf. It is divided into eight sections under the following headings: - Fundamental Processors, Laboratory Practice, Basic Circuit Mats, Introductory Maths of AG, Vector Mothods, Miscellaneous Useful Communications Tools and Concepts, Advanced Studies, and Carabs for Reference.

The whole subject is treated theroughly, from simple addition of differential equations and Pownier Series, and each operation is orphanical in such a way as to suggest its applications to communication.

ications engineering.

The first five sections deal with such topics as Arthmetical Operation, Simple squations, Graples, Algebraic Operation, Candratic and Simultaneous Equations, Trig Punctions, Radian Measure, Solutions of Triangles, Vectors and Rotating Vectors.

The initial part of the subject before passing to Advanced Studies is completed by the section are ded Hiscollaneous Useful Communication Tools and Concepts which covers Logarithems, the Slide Rule.

Matural Logarithms and Trig Identities.

Undor the General heading of Advanced Studies are included such matters as Power Punctions and Imponential Dunctions, liftpernatiation and Corivettyes, Impirical Pormulas, Empansions, Integration and Pownier Series.

in. Wang winds up a splondid book with the final section covering various reference graphs including those in both rectangular and polar co-ordinates and monographs. Whis is a book which can be carmostly recommended both to those who are mathem tically inclined

and to those who would like to be and are not sure where to start.

Some time ago, in our first review, we devoted considerable space to the Radio Amatours Handbook, published by the RSGB. A supplement the Handbook is now available under the title of:-

RATIO HAM BOOK SUPPLEMENT (148 pages) 4/8

This little book contains most of the odd items which are not usually found in Amatours Earbooks, such as Radio Ratis, direnti Raths, Radio M. Filotting, Emergency Operation of Radio Houlpment, and various tables of Logs and Antilogs, Trig Paractions and Lata and Pormulac. Solutions to the various problems included in the text are printed in the final section. There are also chapters on Radio Pundamentals & the CR scope & a chap contitled "Assorticoporations do Hourd chief despite its higherer title's perhaps the most introsting in the book, describing how such things as carbon resistors may be repaired in the field andhow operating conditions & democraticles of enomy goar including tubes may be deturmined with this simplest test equipment. Fortilet that title put you off, the rost of the book is in EMELISK.

SLOUC MATS and FORAGE CAPS

Hovember ...nearly Christmes...and just time for you all to send in a bumper list of notes for our jecomber and New Your Issues...so, all of you, from the laziest "fortarends" . four to dit lines from every ham on service. How, don't believe for a moment any single one of you that nobody is interested where you are... every other ham you have worled with is purisps often wondering what has happened to you. Or even more likely...you imagine that you are the only mam in some golforesien area...mobody's lot is as but as yours - you haven't had leave in ages . Yif only there was a ham about, but no, you are the only one within hundreds of miles...Mil', as has already happened no far at all from you its yot another WK or a' who has all your ideas, oto. Set. Both of you mead Amateur Ra'io, but neither has as yot sent in their whomeabouts. The moral is... send in some notes.

Morrie Moyers V.ZWF, Group 495 RAAP Racific, still continues upwards in rank and now is a "ing Commander". vory sho, on. Beliave the or not Morrie wants NAUI up his way... says the 185 is frightful. Well, vell, I thought it did nothing but rain, Hu! But they have stock up where he is and that to anybody in Sydney is reason enough for going there, after a wester strike and not even a chap.

Morriets right hand man is of TLA way back in the '20s..and still as much of a kam at heart as over. Bead! ale 9TC...Nighing Officer to you, is also in 495, but just about fue for a trip South after a very lengthy spell up North. A new arrival up there is MI Lt. Ross marris VESMA and also "/O Johnson VESMA. Another ham in the team is a VES Jack 'vana 20%. So they can just about hold a Hamfest when they take in all the "is that Morrie says are up that way.

Wer about the third time VIZARM IS/fro Neg Morgan IMAS Gesmoel turns in some notes. Considering they always have to come just about half way round the world this lad appeals to me as an example of "a great help" to the column. Last time be was in the Mod., but now he is recovering from over rost after an appendix op., and doing the job is style in Br mast Africa. If I He monitions moeting lincoln King ISSEZ who wants VK for his WAG. Reg says he was made very velcome and will always have happy momentes of the true Lam Spirit skewn him there. Another S. African Hem he met was ISSES with whom he had a long rag chow also. So it looks as if a lam is a Ham, no matter her far from home, a nd always more than velcome at the home of almost every toher lam that pounds a key. VIZABM wants his 73s sent to the "Rod Headed Sailor", Syd Clark, and also to Ken Bracken 2MP, ...ays how to the family Ken. he has one jur. op now.

Ma's a visit here from WAINO, Stan Rierce. Maybe some of you Hereastle Lames will see comebting of him as its saip was damaged in a collision and will be up there while being repaired. Stan has been over to impland a fer times and has good stories to tell. Any of you that can contact him will have a good night. He is a Lt. in Merchant Marine (served time in Havy before the War) and 2nd in charge of the engine room ... hails from atona Beach, Morida.

A visitor at the last "IA Mooting in Sydney was Erm Cook VISSO who no longer needs to know how many hams were near him in larwin as he has at long last been moved Southward after being there since the blitz. "Samteur Radio" has been of assistance to him. Apart from the number of lame OUR COINDM was able to tell him who were near him, he found it useful once in another way. Hen was having a sejourn in Cospital and has struck up a friendship with the chap in the next bed. One day Ermis "A.R." arrived and he was lying reading it. Suddenly the chap in the next bed said. "I say, are you a MAM???.. so am I...," and the rest of the story is "the same old tale". but "I'm is sold on the usefulness of our HAM Magazine.

Yooman of Signals Jack Lumsdaino VK2ABO is on leave in VIS during the refitting "of a certain ship in a certain port" .. and I reckon that sontone boff to the "silent service," $\rm MIL$

Ult. Sargiant Goc. Light in ingland is now flying Storling bombers. Goc says to lives implies Planes and Radio Quipment in preference to American, and including "Immmarlund & Mational"...and thatis saying something ... and now it.

Sgt. Clarry Gastles Group 160 RALP leaven is (or was) way out in the never never and latters would be appreciated. He is now doing maintenance work and looks like resting in one place for a willo after much moving round. He sends 83's to Ray Carter and reminds him of that first course together. He!

Pred Lubec's WIARP comes to light from "counsyille...he wants to how what has happened to the lack at Canborra???? Prod has just completed a nine tube super...now WEARS did he get those parts... certainly not in Sydney.

Locking through my notes I find one from V/O Jack Evans 20% motioned by Morrio, and boy oh boy, liston to this bit...Gordon Williamson VMSGT captured a Jap Radio Station intact, but had to put all the equipment into a pool of examination with the promise that althe examination will be forwared to our homes...now take a breath all yo Hams...6 receivers, POUR 600 watt transmitters, EIGHT transmitters and much beautiful equipment, ...well, well ... I can only hope none of those Examiners are lams, one, ii i

Pio Tol. Syd Clark is now in Madang and still mooting Hame... We mostly. He says Wesp is be in H.G. again after his Home Leave. This w has just about circumnavigated Australia before going Jome and his VK Ham total must be protty large. Syd's latest relatation is salling and he reports having graduated from Lakatoi to canvassail boat, hi!

"/O con Bischoff RIZ Group 468 RALF Townsville (N.B. Fred) is becoming interested in telescopes and stars, as his relaxation. He says he empects 4A' to arrive in the near future to take over

DIVISIONAL NOTES

NEW SOUTH WALES DIVISION

The October General Meeting was held at Y.M.C.A. Buildings and the Chalrman in declaring the Meeting open extended a welcome to Fl. Sgt. Ern Gook WiEG.

Members were given a resume of Civil lafence activities and a ll persont were of the opinion that at last the value of the Amateum was realized.

forgativinations to our now Secretary upon becoming a father. ELOIs wife presently presented him with a sen and alrea dy Chas. is looking forward to the day when Pather and Ser will be working the rig. In the meantime he had better learn all he can about "y" beams and folded arrays!

The question of entertaining British Amateurs than they arrive was discussed at some length and an appeal was made for volunteers willing to help. According to press reports it can be confidently expected that we will have an influence of British theops very soon antaurally those will be a number of hams with them. Any WRZ Experimenter willing to assist in their entertainment is asked to contact of the of the Chairman or the Secretary.

Most month is Josembor. In Josembor 1943 a "pound Might" unfor the direction of "Russ" Miller took the place of the Monthly General Meeting and was voted 100% successful. Council are considering repeating this function and would like to have the views of all city and suburbon members.

Mombors wore informed that the Magazine Committee had been successful in Obtaining sufficient advertising to make the magazine a paying propertion, thus relieving the burden on both Livisions. It was decided that a letter be written congratulating them upon their offents.

Upon conclusion of General Business a very interesting talk was given by Mr. Alox Borlan or. Pt upon his experiences in radio prior to 1914 and during the last war. Alox served with Mo. 1 A.W.S. in Mesepotania during the last war and his experiences were very interesting particularly with reference to "pack sets." This talk was accompanied by a display of photographs taken by the speaker. Upon conclusion a very dearty wete of themis was accorded the speaker.

A letter from Vectoral Hondquarters giving a resume of Experimental activities over the past oil months was discussed at some length and willst commending P.A.O. for their work it was felt that it could have been made much easier if just a little more co-operation and been received from some States.

. AF FT. Sgt., Arn Cook gave a brossy description of his travels with the Shakara. And was pleased to meet 270 and express to him his approximation of "Slouch Hats and Forage Caps."

The next meeting of the livision will be held on Thursday 16th November, and an invitation is extended to any amateur to be in attendance.

CIVIL LEMENCE DI NET SOUTH VALLES

SUSTRICES - Luring the past for weeks considerable progress has been made with the organisation of this All Amster Hebrork. The most important favologment was the decision made by the S.A.G. regarding the location of the first three Hots. This honer has fallen to Young, tubbe and magns. The frequency to be used will be 3.1 me. This has been made possible by the generous action of the legarithms of H.M.S. was expected to share this frequency.

Strentt diagrams have been drawn up and these have been forwarded to the torm concerned. As each month passus, more and more breaks will be brought into the school, so if you don't happen to live in Young who or "agar don't be disappointed, your turn will come.

Incidentally emits a deal of publicity has been accorded the scheme over the Harisman Stations as it was mentioned during the overing news session several times and the local press has also given it a boost.

As far as organisation is concerned each term will be an entirely independent unit under the supervision of a Radio Section Leader. The Section Leader will be responsible for the maintenance of the Radio continuents and will take his condens from the Captain of the Bashirpe Brigade. Each term will have at least one Radio Unit and each unit will comprise one Hobile Station to act as the Forward Base and three Portable Stations to act as Advance Radios. The Mobile Station will be mounted in a Truck or some other form of trensport and will get as close to the five as facilities permit. It will tune be the farty of the Advance Party to get as close to the seat of the fire as pecalite and as the Communication will be formationed as the fire as pecality.

From the foregoing it is quite evident that once operating personnel and outlement are more easily obtainable, the scheme can be very careful analy arganded.

Mr. M. P. Lickson VESAMB has been appointed Technical Officer and all encurries re equipment should be addressed to him at Bastable Street, Greydon.

Romamber chaps if you are not already participating in the scheme, your turn will come.

IMPROVED COMMUNICATION HATCH. That Not continues to function brice a mobile and the cuitals and accurate mennor in which messages are handled reflects speat expet to obtain a partition concerned. Recent visitors to Central your astounded at the manner that outlying stations handled traffic, and then informed that the work was being performed by impounes, touir surprise was manifest.

In recent works several changes have been made at Central, the most important being a change in the Pr. Previously a pair of 808's were used, but tuess have gone the way of all tubes, and now a single 815 is fooding the antenna. Of course 221 never ever did believe in "starwing the antenna";

SYMMANDAR PARMOL. Recently members of the S.I.P. were instructed to hold themselves in readiness for any on any night of a certain work. Cortain counts detrimental to the Hatients was effort were taking place on the waterfront and it was decided that a determined officer to make to cradicate this svil.

The night eventually arrived and "Sea Horse" was a hive of activity. As each launch pulled into the jetty, supplies of fuel and oil were taken on board, and when this operation was completed; the Radio equipment was tested out and the beat stood by for orders from the Planship.

Soon all craft ture ready to proceed to their allotted stations and at 9.23 p.m. "Port" notified Contral that she was lea ving the popt. This was quickly followed by the same message from "Moonbi" and in a very short time all boats were on their way to their various stations.

Then for the next four lears the Patrol when about its test of clucking various craft on the Harbor and messages were exchanged between ships and Control at a fairly high rate. These told of the alignly officient manner in which the best wors doing their work.

At 11.23 p.m. the following message came through - "flottly 6.0. gunfire. Three shots fixed from storn of sulp mooned at ... what are his instructions?" Pollowing on receipt of this message takings began to happen. The Marbor became a hive of activity and messages began to flow in an ununding stream and in a very short time Speedbath belonging to an Allied Havy were dashing to the spot included, followed very soon atter by the Police Patrol Launch.

In the meantime other craft continued the work of checking other bosts moving about the marker and eventually the incident proviously reported was cleared up.

The above is a brief account of a Security Patrol carried out by the S.R.P. and was the real taing and not just an exercise. For reasons of security it is not possible to go into more detail, but needless to say communication played a vital part and the amateurs assisting had an exciting but never the last exciting high the More backets are wanted to act as operators and further information may be obtained from "all Nyan WEST, PWS306 or Ray "Cingot LESTOS."

A wock after the above incidents, a cruise was made to the upper reaches of Middle Rarber in order to acceptain signal strongths from various points. This was a most interesting night and guite a deal of valuable information was collected.

So chaps, here is an opportunity to participate in Civil Nofence work of real value to the nation, both in peace and war.

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As a result of the discussion at the last general meeting in reference to the Peet War Ametur Radio Activities, Council at its last meeting apent some time in discussing the matter, and felt black the time was ripe to make some definite stops to draw up the ideas of this livinion, so that they may be passed on to Pederal Hosquarters, who will when all revealent information on the subject are to hand, than the they may be passed on to the subject are to hand, than the plan for the Peet War Amm tow Radia satisfied, that the term of the period of the considerably by forwarding their added to be the respective Lavisions. To facilitate this introduce planning Council appointed three members to at as a cub-committee, those duties will be to present ideas for discussion and to note the discussion thus filling in the gaps and incorporating overcyone's ideas. This committee comprises of Messrs. A. H. Clyne VKSVK; R. Marriott VKSSI and J. K. Ridgray.

The Marianon's Homborship into attil continues to be a success and this is most gratifying both to Council and to the Momborship Co-Secretaries. Her members admitted at the last Council Meeting are: *Sgt * J. A. Gustel Widdle, South Moldourne; \$5/82t * P.S. Vanbor Widdle, Marcadon; Gpl. P. R. Gibson, Widdle Gamborwell; *P/O N.F. June Widdle, Marcadon; Gpl. P. R. Gibson, Widdle Gamborwell; *P/O N.F. Sydow Widdle Hast St. Kilda ; \$6/82t * P. "Albor Widdle, Saborwell; J. P. Sydow Widdle Marship of A. H. Bowley Widdle Marburton; *L. Hale Widdle Marcadon; *R. H. Sydow Widdle Marship of Marson Colors; R. Jowing Widdle Horth Phismory; W.A. Frownbill; Widdle Gooding; R. Jowillay Widdle Orth Phismory; W.A. Frownbill, Widdle Gooding; R. J. Phillips Widdle Strange, are admitted to membership their names will be published in this magazine.

Mombers of this fivision and in fact all readors of the Magazine will be pleased to bear that the Former Chief Inspector of Tire-less, Mr. J. Malone, has been appointed to the position of leputy Chief of posts and Telegraphs in New South Vales.

The Laboratory Committee still continue to meet every Tuesday night, with exception of the Mesting Hight and Council Meeting. Their activities of late have been mainly concerned with putting the Receiver back into operation. Unfortunately a number of tubes are missing, and sundry tubes were berrowed in order to find out bow it functions. Prom reports, receiving conditions at the Rooms are at the present excellent. This is accounted for by the lack of non signs about the city which were in pre-war days the main source of noise.

The next meeting of the Mariaion will be on Twesday November 7th. The Jecomber meeting vill be on Twesday, 5th Jecomber. At both moetings Mr. 6. 6. Quin VISTO will continue his series of lectures on Amatour Test Feurlment. He has loops of obtaining the use of a Cathode Ray Oscilliscope to use in conjunction with some of the test equipment. This demonstration should prove very interesting.

THE WIRELESS INSTITUTE OF AUSTRALIA



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